

Emergency Contact Numbers:

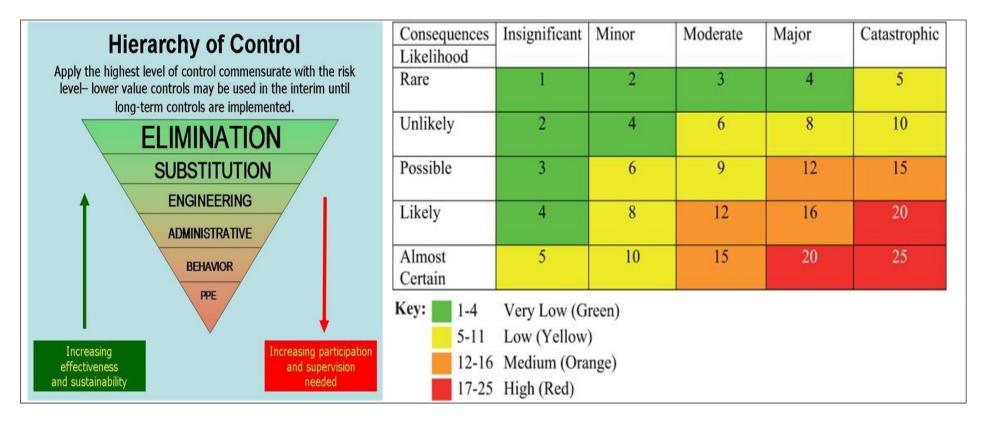
Police, Fire, Ambulance 000

SES 132 500 D.O.T - WA 13 11 56

EPA WA (08) 6364 7000

Safe Work Method Statement

WMS No:			Task/Activity		Excavator Operation		
SPH Job No:			Date to be Review	ved :			
Project:			Personnel respo	nsible for			
			monitoring this a				
Site Address:				review:			
Principal Contractor :			Little Diggers Clie	ent:			
Sub-Contractor:			Operator Name:				
		Refe	erences				
WHS Act 2020		WA OHS Regulations 2020		State Environmen	tal Protection Policies WA		
Manual Handling Code of Pr	actice	Code of Practice Safety Precaution	ons in	Traffic Manageme	ent For Works On Roads		
		Trenching Operations		Code of Practice			
Environmental Protection 2 1986	Act	Wildlife Conservation Act 1950		Biodiversity Conse	ervation Act 2016		
		Environmental Code of Practic	e For Road				
		& Construction Maintenance					
		Personnel Consulte	d with on this WM	/IS			
Position:		Name		Signature		Date	
							-



Equipment Training and Qualifications

Plant and Equipment Required for this Activity	Personal Protective Equipment						
Excavator and attachments including but not limited to buckets, Breaker, Auger, Ripper etc.	High Visibility Clothing AS/NZS	Gloves appropriate for task AS/NZS					
	1906.4:2012	2161.1:2000					
	Safety Footwear (steel capped)AS/NZ	Appropriate clothing as per site					
Specific Training Required for this Activity	2210.3:2009	requirements					
Site Specific Induction	Safety Glasses as required AS?NZ	Head Protection as required AS/NZ					
Certificate of Competency to Operate excavatorConstruction Industry	1336:1997	1800:1998					
OHS Induction (Red Card)	Wide Brimmed Hat as required	Check for any site specific PPE					
	AS/NZ	requirements					
	4399						
	Sun Screen as required AS/NZ2604:	Hearing Protection as required AS/NZ					
	1998	1269.3:2005					

Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	•		k Scor	_	Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential hazards)	Risk Score With Controls			Person Responsible
		Con	Pro b	Risk		Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controls are applied)
daily checks striking personnel Fuel, oil or chemical spill.	movement during prestart acceptanceand daily checks striking	4	3	12	Isolate plant before commencing pre-start Identify delineation between site personnel andplant. Ensure that all relevant documentation is obtained through pre-start acceptance.	4	2	8	Plant Operator Site Personnel.
	Fuel, oil or chemical spill.	5	4	20	Operator to undertake pre-start daily check. Isolation procedures to be implemented. Safetyobserver required during inspection if machineoperation is required. All hoists and lifting gear will be inspected. All hydraulic, lubrication, and fuel hoses will be in good order, free from abrasion and unions tightand free from leaks.	4	2	8	Plant Operator Site Foreman
	Importation/extraction of weeds and/or pests onto worksite.	2	4	8	Ensure vehicles, machines and attachments arefree of weeds prior to removal from site. Remove any declared weeds from site if theyare found to be growing at any time. Ensuregeneral waste bin lids are closed at all times.	2	1	2	Plant Operator Site Foreman Site staff
	Slips, trips and falls	4	3	12	Housekeeping, visual inspection. Ensure that machine cabin is clean and free of constructiontools and equipment. Always maintain 3 pointsof contact when entering or exiting excavator	2	1	2	Plant Operator

	Uncontrolled plant movements during construction and deliveries striking personnel	4	3	12	Ensure UHF channel is discussed during morning prestart. Ensure all personnel are aware of designated work areas and no go zones as defined by traffic guidance schemes. Ensure all personnel involved in the task understand the machines lifting capacity at full reach.	4	2	8	Site Foreman Plant Operator
Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)	_	Scor out cont	_	Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential hazards)	_	k Sco h Contro	_	Person Responsible
		Con	Pro b	Risk		Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controls are applied)
Unloading Excavator from float	Uncontrolled plant movement Plant striking personnel	5	3	15	Float to park on level firm surface, spotter to guide excavator off float. No personnel to be standing on float whilst plant is being moved. Spotter to be standing outside the overall extended height of the plant and have eye contact with the operator at all times. Hand signals to be identified prior to activity commencing. Ensure that area is identified by site supervisor to ensure that the no go zoneareas are not encroached.	3	2	6	Plant Operator Spotter Float Operator
Entering and exiting excavator during the course of construction etc.	Slips, trips and falls Uncontrolled plant movement	4	3	12	Always maintain 3 points of contact when entering or exiting excavator. If the excavator isfitted with a laser computer system ensure it isturned off before exiting the machine.	4	2	8	Plant Operator

Movement of plant	Plant collision Plant/personnel collision Reduced visibility from dust Inhalation and sickness from dust	5	4	20	Keep vehicle speeds below site permitted maximum. Use watercart to minimize dust (particularly trafficable areas). Where appropriate considerstopping works on days of high winds. Communicate with other crews onsite using designated onsite UHF channel or hand signals. Reversing beeper and flashing light on mobile plant. PPE high visibility clothing to be worn at all times. Operator to check all potential blind spots through use of mirrors and looking over both shoulders prior to traversing. Where practicable, no personnel/plant/machine to work within the radius of the overall reach or lifted body height of the plant. Where practicable, plant to be segregated from other plant.	4	2	8	Plant Operator
Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)		Scor		Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential hazards)		k Sco h Contr		Person Responsible
		Con	Pro	Risk		Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controls
Movement of plant	Increased noise or vibration arising from worksite	2	Pro b	Risk 10	Ensure exhaust and mufflers are checked regularly for cracks and breaks. Minimise the use of engine brakes particularly in built up areas. Only work within designated work times(as per council or EPA requirements). Keep maintenance schedule on plant up to date.	Con 4	Prob 2	Risk 8	(To ensure controls are applied) Plant Operator

	Workers hit by debris	5	4	20	trench/excavation. No personnel in trench whilemanual use vibrating plant is working within distance of the trench/excavation. Deposit spoil uphill, if required place toe boardsin front of spoil so pile is secure at all times. Hard hats to be worn at all times whenever in ornear trench or excavation. Only plant necessary for task to work near excavations. Other plant/machines to stay a safe distance from excavation with help from site supervisor.No personnel in trench while vibrating plant areworking in the vicinity. Consult ground staff prior to works being undertaken.	4	2	8	Site Foreman Engineers Plant OperatorSite staff
Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)	_	k Scor	_	Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potentialhazards)	_	k Sco	_	Person Responsible
		Con	Pro b	Risk		Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controls are applied)
			e						

(Procedure Step)	(What can go wrong)	Without		Risk	(Controls to be in place in order to manage potentialhazards)	_	ontrols	Risk	Responsible (To ensure controlsare applied)
Working or traversing on sloping ground Hazard/Aspect	Rollover, spoil rolling onto staff working in trench	4 Risk S	4 Score	16	No plant or equipment is to work or traverse onslope over designated gradient as outlined in manufacturers user manual. If traversing slope use low gear and ensure that attachments are slewed to the uphill side of the plant Management Controls	2 Risk	2 Score	4	Plant Operator Foreman Person
Works near traffic	Plant / Traffic / Pedestrian interaction	4	3	12	Use trained traffic controllers and or barricades and signage to keep traffic separated from works. Ensure that there is a traffic managementplan in place and that any interaction with pedestrian traffic is eliminated.	3	2	6	Site Foreman Plant Operator
Working near overhead powerlines	Workers struck by plant, Service strike, electrocution,	5	4	20	Refer to regulation 3.64(1) and (2) of the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations 1996 to determine danger zone. If any part of excavator is to come within the danger zone of powerlines a spotter must be present at all times. If these guidelines cannot be followed then work shall not commence until permission has been granted from the electricity company.	3	3	9	Plant Operator Spotter Site Foreman

Working Excavatoras a crane	Slung load shifts, sling breaks. Lug on dipper arm breaks, incorrect lifting gear for the task,hydraulic line bursts, hot high pressure oil.	4	4	16	Use dogman/rigger if required. Ensure all lifting equipment is inspected prior to use, is appropriate for the task and is within test dates. Check safe working load and condition of equipment prior to activity being undertaken. Safe working load of plant must be identified and load chart referred to for any variances. Inspect excavator and approved lifting lug. Check burst protection fitted for any loads in excess of 1 tonne. At no time will a suspendedload be lifted over any persons. Ensure that allworkers are outside the extended height and maximum radius of the plant.	3	1	3	Plant Operator Dogman/riggers Site foreman
Loading trucks withan excavator	Material falling from bucket, bucket hitting truck, people being struck by falling object	4	4	16	Rear or side load trucks only. Do not load over truck cabin. Ensure that all personnel are outsidethe radius of the excavator. Truck driver to remain in cabin at all times unless there is a specific area designed as a plant no go zone area. No operating of the excavator whilst the truck is reversing. Do not overload the bucket.	2	2	4	Plant Operator Truck drivers Site foreman
Excavator to move loads eg. Concrete, rock, timber etc.	Uncontrolled load movement, load moves out of bucket.	4	3	12	Keep load as low as possible and as close as possible to plant. Reverse plant while carryingload if possible.	2	2	4	Plant Operator
Hazard/Aspect	Impact	Risk S			Management Controls	Risk	Score	9	Person
(Procedure Step)	(What can go wrong)	Without			(Controls to be in place in order to manage potentialhazards)	With Co			Responsible
		Con	Pro b	Risk		Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controlsare applied)

Excavator Backfills	Plant - personnel interaction Plant – plant interaction	4	3	12	Communication between spotter and all plant operators involved in this work task. Undertakerisk assessment prior to backfilling.	2	3	6	Plant Operator Spotter
Using quick hitch and attachments on excavator	Attachments not made secure, operator accidentally releases quick hitch control, safety pin not inserted,oil spill while attachinghydraulic hoses.	5	4	20	Attachments made secure with safety locking pins. Quick hitch control switch cover locked in place. Operator to ensure safety pin is installed correctly by placing cutting edge of bucket on the ground and crowding bucket back and forth. When connecting/disconnecting hydraulic lines must ensure hydraulic valves are in closed position.	4	2	8	Plant Operator Site Foreman Workers
Working Excavator with Rock Breaker orGrab Attachment	Flying rock or concrete chips could strike surrounding workers or machinery. Noise	4	4	16	All persons and plant to remain clear of work zone where practical. If personnel are required in the work zone ear and eye protection must beworn and full face shield.	3	2	6	Plant operator Site foreman
Parking and maintaining excavator	Nips, pinch, crush	4	3	12	Operators to place hitch/bucket/attachment on the ground, apply park brake and isolation procedures to be implemented. Safety observerrequired if plant is to be operated during maintenance/inspection.	2	2	4	Plant Operator Site staff Site foreman
	Fall from heights Personal injury	4	4	16	If work platform is in excess of 2 metres high ensure it a has fall protection rail minimum 900mm high and not higher than 1100mm high.Fall protection will cover work platform from cabin to entry point.	3	2	6	Plant operator Site Foreman
Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)	Risk Score Without controls			Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential hazards)	Risk Score With controls			Person Responsible
		Cons	Prob e	Risk		Cons	Pro b e	Risk	(To ensure controlsare applied)

Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)	_	k Scor	_	Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential		sk Sco ith contro	_	Person Responsible
Working in or near waterways	Impact on waterway from works leading toan impact on water quality	4	5	20	If required a permit to work in or near the waterway is to be sought from the local waterway authority prior to any works commencing in or near a waterway. No plant isto track through any waterway. No plant is to track through any waterway. If crossing is required then approval shall be sought from thelocal waterway authority before any work can take place. Ensure that erosion and sediment controls are in place prior to disturbance of the waterway	3	3	9	Project ManagerSite Foreman Site staff Plant operator
Hazardous substances used in excavator operationand maintenance (Refueling)	Inhalation, ingestion, spills, explosion	5	3	15	Operator of plant to ensure engine is off beforerefueling. Ensure correct footing, don't walk onuneven and slippery surfaces. ENSURE DELIVERY FUEL NOZZLE IS IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH FUEL TANK INLET SO AS TO AVOID BUILD UP OF STATIC ELECTRICITY. Under no circumstances use a mouth operatedsiphon hose for decanting liquid hazardous substances. Use spill kit to capture spillage andensure that the contaminated waste material isdisposed of as a prescribed waste. Ensure correct PPE in use whilst refueling. Ensure spillkits are available and located close to designated refueling area. Clean up and reportspills as soon as they happen.	3	2	6	Plant Operator Site Foreman Fuel delivery driver

		Con	Prob	Risk	hazards)	Con	Prob	Risk	(To ensure controlsare applied)
Use Excavator in an environmentally sensitive work area	The following could negatively impact environmentally sensitive areas eg. Wetlands. Spillage of hazardous substances eg. fuel, oil Creation of excessive dust. Damage or removal of vegetation. Incorrect placement of stockpiles	3	4	12	Ensure that any relevant local/state and/or federal approvals/ permits have been obtained before commencing work in that area. Ensure that any flagging off of particular areas within the environmental sensitive area is in place as stated by any relevant approvals and/or permits. Ensure any stockpiles are placed away from any known sensitive or no-go zones. Ensure water is used (via hose and or watercart)to suppress dust, ensuring any run off is diverted away from sensitive areas. Ensure that a spill kit/s is located nearby to the environmental sensitive area for a quick response to any spills of oils or fuels. Ensure that the contaminated material is bagged and disposed of as a prescribed waste. Report anyspills to site foreman/project manager.	2	2	4	Plant Operator Foreman workers
Loading excavatoron to float	Uncontrolled plant movement	4	3	12	Float to park on level, firm surface, spotter to guide excavator on to float. No personnel to bestanding on float whilst plant is being moved. Spotter to be standing outside the overall extended height of the plant and have eye contact with the operator at all times. Hand signals to be identified prior to activity commencing. Ensure that area is identified by site supervisor to ensure that the no go zone areas are not encroached. Ensure that a suitable loading and unloadingarea is identified by the site foreman.	2	1	2	Plant Operator Spotter Float driver

Additional Site Specific Hazards and Controls

Hazard/Aspect (Procedure Step)	Impact (What can go wrong)		Scor		Management Controls (Controls to be in place in order to manage potential hazards)	Risk Score With controls			Person Responsible
		Cons	Pro b e	Risk		Cons	Prob e	Risk	(To ensure controlsare applied)
COVID – 19 Pandemic	Acquire COVID-19	5	3	12	 Operators to adhere to good hygiene practices. Wash hands regularly Clean hands before handling paperwork Cover your coughs Seek medical assistance if you display symptoms Keep work areas clean -steering wheel/controls, dashboard, door handles, fuel filling, any other touchpoints Practice social distancing Clean and disinfect frequently useditems, phones, wallet, pens, keys Where PPE as directed Plan your route, minimize stops and physical interaction Avoid shared workspaces such as lunchrooms, site sheds, anywhere where there is less than 4 square m perperson. Wear a face mask 	2	1	2	Operators
	Infect others with COVID-19	5	3	12	Seek medical assistance if you display symptoms. If you are unwell do not go to work.Isolate and seek testing. If you have been in contact with someone who has COVID-19. Isolate and seek testing. Inform your employerand notify any worksites you have attended.	2	1	2	Operators

Travel Permits	5	3	12	 Ensure you carry a valid Travel Permitat all times Record sites visited, date time, duration. (Hire dockets are adequate) 	2	1	2	Operators
COVID Safe Plan				Follow site COVID Safe Plan. Ask for acopy of the Plan before attending site.				Operators

SWMS Acceptance

We the undersigned confirm that we have read and clearly understand this safe work method statement. We confirm we have the required training and qualifications to carry out the required tasks in accordance with the control measures outlined in this safe work method statement. We also understand that if the controls as outlined cannot be applied then work must cease immediately.

Date	Name	Company	Position	Signature

Review and Monitoring

Review No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Name						
Date						